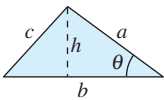
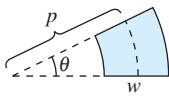
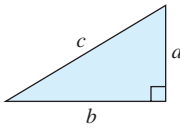
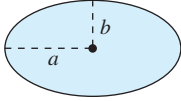
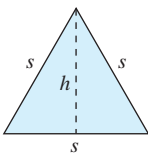
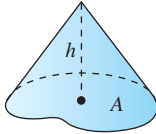
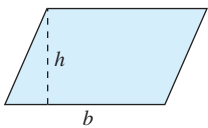
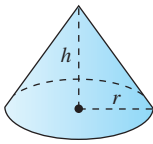
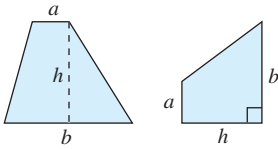
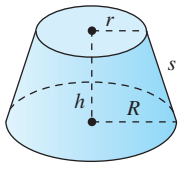
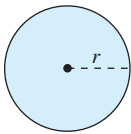
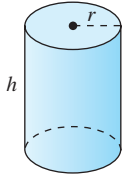
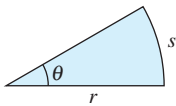
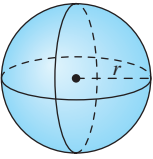
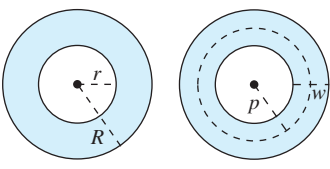


# FORMULAS FROM GEOMETRY

<p><b>Triangle</b></p> <p><math>h = a \sin \theta</math></p> <p>Area = <math>\frac{1}{2}bh</math></p> <p>(Law of Cosines)</p> <p><math>c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta</math></p> 	<p><b>Sector of Circular Ring</b></p> <p>(<math>p</math> = average radius, <math>w</math> = width of ring, <math>\theta</math> in radians)</p> <p>Area = <math>\theta pw</math></p> 
<p><b>Right Triangle</b></p> <p>(Pythagorean Theorem)</p> <p><math>c^2 = a^2 + b^2</math></p> 	<p><b>Ellipse</b></p> <p>Area = <math>\pi ab</math></p> <p>Circumference <math>\approx 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{a^2 + b^2}{2}}</math></p> 
<p><b>Equilateral Triangle</b></p> <p><math>h = \frac{\sqrt{3}s}{2}</math></p> <p>Area = <math>\frac{\sqrt{3}s^2}{4}</math></p> 	<p><b>Cone</b></p> <p>(<math>A</math> = area of base)</p> <p>Volume = <math>\frac{Ah}{3}</math></p> 
<p><b>Parallelogram</b></p> <p>Area = <math>bh</math></p> 	<p><b>Right Circular Cone</b></p> <p>Volume = <math>\frac{\pi r^2 h}{3}</math></p> <p>Lateral Surface Area = <math>\pi r \sqrt{r^2 + h^2}</math></p> 
<p><b>Trapezoid</b></p> <p>Area = <math>\frac{h}{2}(a + b)</math></p> 	<p><b>Frustum of Right Circular Cone</b></p> <p>Volume = <math>\frac{\pi(r^2 + rR + R^2)h}{3}</math></p> <p>Lateral Surface Area = <math>\pi s(R + r)</math></p> 
<p><b>Circle</b></p> <p>Area = <math>\pi r^2</math></p> <p>Circumference = <math>2\pi r</math></p> 	<p><b>Right Circular Cylinder</b></p> <p>Volume = <math>\pi r^2 h</math></p> <p>Lateral Surface Area = <math>2\pi r h</math></p> 
<p><b>Sector of Circle</b></p> <p>(<math>\theta</math> in radians)</p> <p>Area = <math>\frac{\theta r^2}{2}</math></p> <p><math>s = r\theta</math></p> 	<p><b>Sphere</b></p> <p>Volume = <math>\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3</math></p> <p>Surface Area = <math>4\pi r^2</math></p> 
<p><b>Circular Ring</b></p> <p>(<math>p</math> = average radius, <math>w</math> = width of ring)</p> <p>Area = <math>\pi(R^2 - r^2)</math></p> <p><math>= 2\pi p w</math></p> 	<p><b>Wedge</b></p> <p>(<math>A</math> = area of upper face, <math>B</math> = area of base)</p> <p><math>A = B \sec \theta</math></p> 