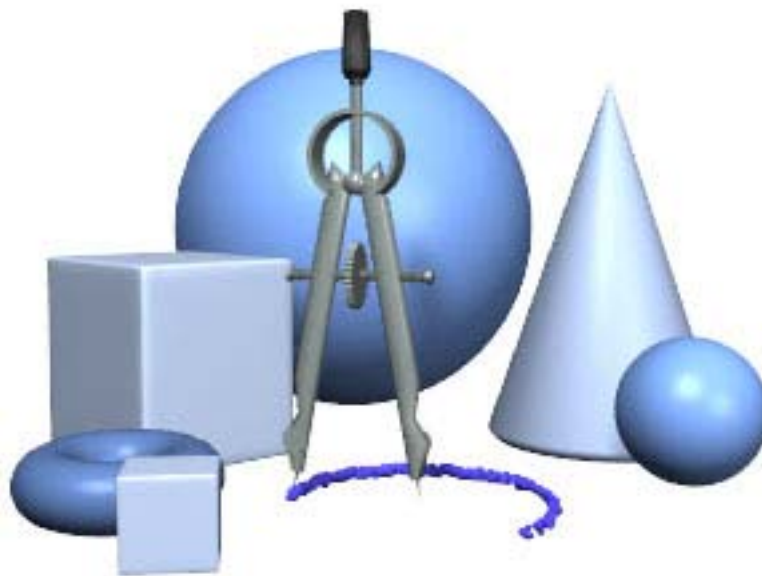


# SIMPLY MATH<sup>™</sup> WORKBOOK #12

*Factoring Trinomials of the Form:*

$$Ax^2 + Bx + C, \text{ when } A \neq 1$$

*The New AC-Method*



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# The New AC-Method ( $Ax^2+Bx+C$ , when $A \neq 1$ )

Example 1

Factor Completely:

$$2y^2 - 3y - 14$$

28

1•28

2•14

4•7

-28

$$2y^2 - 3y - 14$$

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1. Multiply the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> coefficients to get -28. Then find factors of -28 that also subtract to -3. The sign of the last term (-14) always determines whether the factors of the AC product add or subtract to equal the coefficient of the middle term.
2. Write your variable and factors that subtract to -3 as a product of two binomials. The factors must be opposite signs in order to subtract.

$$(y - 7)(y + 4)$$

3. Divide each number by A, which is 2 from our original expression.

$$\left(y - \frac{7}{2}\right)\left(y + \frac{4}{2}\right)$$

4. Simplify and put any remaining denominator in front of the variable.

$$\left(y - \frac{7}{2}\right)(y + 2)$$

Answer

$$(2y - 7)(y + 2)$$

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Assisted Problem 1

Factor Completely:

$$6z^2 - z - 5$$

Fill in the blanks:

SAMPLE

1 •	___
___	•15
___	•10
5 •	___

$$6z^2 - z - 5$$

1. Multiply the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> coefficients to get    . Then find factors of     that also subtract to    . The sign of the last term (   ) always determines whether the factors of the AC product add or subtract to equal the coefficient of the middle term.

2. Write your variable and factors that subtract to     as a product of two binomials.

$$(z - \underline{\quad})(z + \underline{\quad})$$

3. Divide each number by A, which is     from our original expression.

$$(z - \frac{6}{\underline{\quad}})(z + \frac{\underline{\quad}}{6})$$

4. Simplify, put any remaining denominator in front of the variable.

$$(z - \underline{\quad})(z + \frac{\underline{\quad}}{6})$$



Answer
$(z - 1)(6z + 5)$



## ANSWERS TO PRACTICE PROBLEMS

181.  $2x^2(5x+2)(7x+4)$  196.  $(22n+3)(n+2)$   
182.  $3x(8x-1)(7x-1)$  197.  $(5r+4)(3r-4)$   
183.  $24x^3(3x+2)(2x+1)$  198.  $4x^2y(2y+3)(y-1)$   
184.  $(4m+5n)(3m-4n)$  199. Prime  
185.  $(3x-5)^2$  200.  $(5x+2)^2$   
186.  $(4c-3)(3c+5)$   
187.  $4(3a-2)(a-1)$   
188.  $(6y+7)(y+3)$   
189.  $(5r+3)(3r+7)$   
190.  $(7k+4)(2k+3)$   
191.  $3(3p+1)(9p+5)$   
192.  $(3q+5)(3q+4)$   
193.  $(4c-5)(3c+2)$   
194.  $(4x+3)(4x-5)$   
195.  $(8x-5)(3x-4)$